

$$E = U_\alpha(R_e) + (v+1/2)v_e - x_e v_e (v+1/2)^2 + y_e v_e (v+1/2)^3 + B_e J(J+1) - D_e [J(J+1)]^2 - \alpha_e (v+1/2) J(J+1) + Y_{00}$$

where all spectroscopic quantities are expressed in energy units (or the corresponding frequency or wavenumbers). In energy units,

$$B_e \equiv \hbar^2 / 2\mu R_e^2$$

$$hx_e v_e \equiv \frac{1}{4} B_e^2 / (hv_e)^2 \cdot \{ (\frac{10}{3}) B_e [U'''(R_e) R_e^3]^2 / (hv_e)^2 - U^{iv}(R_e) R_e^4 \}$$

$$D_e \equiv 4 B_e^3 / (hv_e)^2$$

$$\alpha_e \equiv -2 B_e^2 / hv_e \cdot \{ 3 + 2 B_e [U'''(R_e) R_e^3]^2 / (hv_e)^2 \}$$

$$Y_{00} \equiv B_e^2 / 16(hv_e)^2 \cdot \{ U^{iv}(R_e) R_e^4 - (\frac{14}{9}) B_e [U'''(R_e) R_e^3]^2 / (hv_e)^2 \}$$

$$hv_e \equiv (h/2\pi)[U''(R_e) / \mu]^{1/2}$$

Energy Conversion Factors 300 MHz = 0.01 cm⁻¹, 208.5 cm⁻¹ = 300 K

		erg	eV	cm ⁻¹
1 erg	=	1	6.2415×10 ¹¹	5.0340×10 ¹⁵
1 eV	=	1.6022×10 ⁻¹²	1	8065.5
1 cm ⁻¹	=	1.9865×10 ⁻¹⁶	1.23985×10 ⁻⁴	1
1 kcal/mole	=	6.9478×10 ⁻¹⁴	4.3364×10 ⁻²	349.75
1 hartree	=	4.3598×10 ⁻¹¹	27.212	219,474.6

		kcal/mole	hartree
1 erg	=	1.4393×10 ¹³	2.2937×10 ¹⁰
1 eV	=	23.060	3.6749×10 ⁻²
1 cm ⁻¹	=	2.8591×10 ⁻³	4.55634×10 ⁻⁶
1 kcal/mole	=	1	1.5936×10 ⁻³
1 hartree	=	627.51	1